



PPHA 32740: Order & Violence

The Roots of Wars and the Paths to Peace

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Fall 2021

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How elaborate and obsessive can a syllabus be? You're about to find out! Please read everything in detail. Consider this your first book for the course.

Course description

This is a class about violent conflict—why do some groups fight? Most enemies loathe in peace, and so what makes warring groups different? We'll study conflict at every level—nations, political factions, ethnic groups, religions, villages, and gangs—investigating the common logics and roots.

This is also a class about what to do about violence. From the streets of Chicago or El Salvador to the UN Security Council, what can be done to get warring rivals to stop the violence? And what can be done to get societies that are fragile and on the edge of fighting to be more resilient? We'll look at what some prominent people and organizations have to say about violence reduction, and assess whether it makes sense in light of social science.

We'll cover a range of literatures. We will start with game theory—the science of strategy—and introduce economics, history, comparative politics, international relations, psychology, and sociology. We will also study the practical experiences of policymakers, and the organizations and plans they have produced.

Prerequisites This class is designed for Master's students at Harris, but is open to Master's students across the social sciences at UChicago. The Harris core classes are highly recommended, especially the analytical politics sequence. Non-Harris students are expected to be familiar with introductory economics and game theory. If you have no exposure to game theory, you will struggle with some of the assignments, but you can get by if you put in the time and effort.

Covid teaching

My goal is for this class is going to be about one-third lectures and two-thirds discussion. This is challenging to do with over 30 students, and challenging to do in a hybrid format. Based on my experience in Spring 2020 and 2021, I think a successful approach would be:

- 3–4 weeks of lectures, all in a group, with a hybrid format, and
- 5–6 weeks of in-class discussions/presentations, where we split into halves, one half meeting with me Mondays and one half on Wednesdays.

See below for details. Possibly, I will concentrate all the online students in one of the halves. The situation is evolving fast. I will poll students before we start the class to assess their ability to join in person, and their interest in these smaller group discussions, and we will go with the majority's preferences.

Course Objectives

By the end of the quarter, my goal is that students have learned to:

- Be able to diagnose fragile situations, and the causes of political instability
- Be able to identify and evaluate peacebuilding measures
- Understand the ties between political development and security
- Understand of the special challenges of policy in fragile settings
- Learn to interpret popular arguments for the origins of conflict through the lens of social science

Course Structure

Generally, each week we will:

- Read a collection of articles and book chapters

- Have a mixture of lecture and discussion in class
- Complete one of the following:
 - a game theoretic problem set,
 - a roughly 2 page written assignment, or
 - a presentation and discussion.

Most of the readings are articles or books where a PDF version are hyperlinked on the syllabus. Instructions for VPN access are [here](#). There will also be reading portions of my unpublished book, and I will likely provide students with a printed copy.

Grading

Your grade will have three components:

- **20%** for attendance and the quality of participation in class (asking and answering questions, high quality of commentary, ability to engage civilly with other students, ability to listen to other views, not dominating the conversation, ...)
- **20%** for your Week 5/6 presentation and contribution to discussions
- **40%** for assignments in weeks 2, 3, 8, and 9.
- **20%** for the final project

Pass/fail and auditor policies Auditors are welcome. Please email the TA to ensure you are added to Canvas. I am also happy for students to take the class pass/fail. Note that per Harris policy, the class may not qualify for certificates if you take the class pass/fail.

Attendance No one will be penalized for missing up to two lectures, since everyone falls sick, has family circumstances, or religious observances. Please let me know if you have more frequent absences and we can discuss.

Weekly assignments The Week 3, 8 and 9 assignments should be 1–3 pages long and represent your critical reflections on the readings.

The Week 2 assignment is a game theoretic problem set. We designed it to be straightforward for Harris students who have done the analytical politics core classes. Non-Harris students who do not have this background: do not freak out or drop the class. The goal is not to give non-mathematical class-takers a zero. It's to walk you through the ideas step by step, so you get a sense of what it is all about. Your classmates and your TA will be a resource for you.

For the assignments, you are required to type your answers (e.g. using Word, Latex) instead of sending handwritten notes.

Final project This will be a 3–5 page essay or memo analyzing either:

1. A critical review of a current policy report or a recent book making policy recommendations
2. A discussion of a popular peace building strategy, including the theory and evidence in favor or against
3. The roots of a specific war of your choice (So long as it was not covered in detail in the class or *Why We Fight*)
4. The reasons a political rivalry of your choice did not go to war

How to get a good grade First of all, for most of you, no one will ever look at your grades again for as long as you live, so don't worry about the grade. I am happy to have you switch to Pass/Fail if you need to.

There is a simple way to get a high grade in this course:

- **Read the readings.** All of the grading is designed to incentivize you to read and understand the material. The reason I do this is that I think reading and writing are the main way we all change how we understand the world and influence others. Virtually every reading in this course is one that deeply influenced my own perspective.
- **Think critically about what you read.** Every paper is wrong in some way. Usually it has major flaws or oversights. Your job is to figure out what the problems are and the limits of the argument. For the rest of your career, approach every paper or book with the idea that your job is partly to figure out why it is wrong.
- **Make notes and think about your essay answers along the way.** You will have some of the essay questions quite early. When reading the readings and taking class notes, write down your ideas and thoughts in real time.
- **Hand in all assignments.**

Late policy The late penalty is one grade level per day (e.g. from an A- to a B+). I can waive the penalty if you have a timely, legitimate, and documented excuse. (See disruptions, above.)

- If you are missing classes or have a late assignment because of sickness or religious observance (e.g. Ramadan), we can accommodate you. If predictable, please alert the TA by email *in advance*. Please make specific arrangements for extensions of any assignments.
- Do not wait until weeks after a missed assignment to talk to us. I especially advise against waiting to contact us until the last week of classes or after final grades have been submitted. It is easier to accommodate timely requests.

Re-grading policies Feel free to discuss your grades with your TAs to get clarification. If, following such a conversation, you feel that an error was made, *please submit a re-grade request in writing to your TA, by email, within two weeks of the assignment being handed back.* Please include an explanation or justification for the re-grade request.

A poor way to ask for a re-grade is to simply lobby non-specifically for a better grade, or to explain there is some reason you need to maintain a certain grade level. A good way to ask for a regrading is to substantively discuss why you thought you answered the question well, ask for clarification, and if a mistake was made we can correct it. Or, if you have a legitimate medical or related excuse, please follow the instructions above.

What to do if you're having problems

I'm committed to helping everyone pass the class, in a way that you still learn the materials and gets the work done. If you find yourself unable to join a class or complete an assignment for physical health, mental health, or other personal reasons, just let me know. Here is what I suggest if a problem comes up:

- As soon as possible, email me and *copy your student services advisor*, with a note about the missed work and an explanation. *I hold everything in the strictest confidence.* But if you would like to explain the situation to your advisor only and have them contact me directly without the personal details, that is fine too.
- I don't really care when you put in the effort, so long as you find the time to read and reflect on the material in the course. In general, I will identify a way for you to make up an assignment. This will often be an extension of the deadline. If we discuss answers in depth the following class, it may be that I ask you to submit an essay on a different question.
- In extreme cases, students have sometimes taken time over the break or subsequent quarter to finalize the assignments and the class.
- Try not to tell me last minute. Advance notice is always a good policy.

Developing reading & writing skills

This is a highly reading and writing intensive course. I know this can be especially challenging for students who speak English as a second language. At the same time, it's an essential skill. One goal of mine is for you to learn to read more efficiently and write more effectively. We will talk about strategies in class, and you should feel free to ask me for feedback.

For those who want some additional help, Harris has some resources for students who feel they need help developing their academic reading and writing skills.

- For a reading assessment (and academic skills assessment in general), the best option at the University would be the [Academic Skills Assessment Program \(ASAP\)](#).

- We also have the [Harris Writing Program](#), which does not particularly focus on reading, but might indirectly help students get a better grasp of the written word and academic text comprehension.
- [The English Language Institute](#) also offers workshops and courses to help ESL students. Some are free, some are not.

Learning to write well

You may also want to invest in books and materials on writing effectively. Here are some starting suggestions for tools and books on writing:

- Use the [Hemingway Editor](#) to learn how to write more clearly. Aim for a grade 8–10 reading level in what you write. Avoid jargon. Write shorter, simpler sentences on average. Use the active voice most of the time. Some long sentences and complex phrases or words are going to be necessary, but learn to use them sparingly.
- The classic book is [The Elements of Style](#) by Strunk and White
- Another classic, Zinnser’s [On Writing Well](#) is superb
- I have also found Clark’s [Writing Tools](#) a very helpful guide.

The trick with these books and guides is not to try to do it all at once. Get a couple of tips, and try to pay attention to them as you write. Then after a little while, get another couple tips, and work on those. It’s a gradual process.

Harris Policies

Academic Integrity

All University of Chicago students are expected to uphold the highest standards of academic Integrity and honesty. Among other things, this means that students shall not represent another’s work as their own, use un-allowed materials during exams, or otherwise gain unfair academic advantage.

The University’s policies regarding academic integrity and dishonesty are described [here](#). It is worth explicitly stating the University’s approach here: “It is contrary to justice, academic integrity, and to the spirit of intellectual inquiry to submit another’s statements or ideas as one’s own work. To do so is plagiarism or cheating, offenses punishable under the University’s disciplinary system. Because these offenses undercut the distinctive moral and intellectual character of the University, we take them very seriously.”

The Harris School’s policies are available in the Harris Student Handbook Canvas site.

- The Academic Honesty and Plagiarism section expresses the main principles.
- Detailed guidelines for more specialized student work (e.g., problem sets including computer code) are offered in the section titled Harris Integrity Policy for Problem Sets Involving Code.
- Harris's specific procedures for handling suspected violations of these policies are available in the section Harris Procedures for Allegations of Plagiarism, Cheating, and Academic Dishonesty and are also re-produced as an Appendix to this document.
- All students suspected of academic dishonesty will be reported to the Harris Dean of Students for investigation and adjudication. The disciplinary process can result in sanctions up to and including suspension or expulsion from the University.
- In addition to disciplinary sanctions, I will impose a grade penalty for students who have committed academic dishonesty.
- Other penalties for violations could be imposed instead, alone or in combination, including a zero grade on the assignment or a failing grade in the course.

Disability Accommodations

The University's policies regarding students with disabilities are available [here](#). Students who have disability accommodations awarded by the University Student Disability Services Office should inform the Harris Dean of Students office by the end of the first week of class. The Harris Dean of Students Office will work with the student and instructor to coordinate the students' accommodations implementation.

Harris students are not required to submit their accommodations letter to the instructor. Students from other divisions in the University must submit their accommodations letter to either the instructor or the Harris Dean of Students Office.

Students who do not yet have formal accommodations in place but who feel they need accommodations on a temporary or ongoing basis should contact the Harris Dean of Students Office or Student Disability Services.

It is also worth noting that teaching in a remote environment may generate other questions and issues related to providing accommodations to students with disabilities. Some suggestions are available [here](#).

Diversity and Inclusion

The Harris School welcomes, values, and respects students, faculty, and staff from a wide range of backgrounds and experiences, and we believe that rigorous inquiry and effective public policy problem-solving requires the expression and understanding of diverse viewpoints, experiences, and traditions. The University and the Harris School

have developed distinct but overlapping principles and guidelines to insure that we remain a place where difficult issues are discussed with kindness and respect for all.

The University's policies are available [here](#). Specifically, the University identifies the freedom of expression as being "vital to our shared goal of the pursuit of knowledge, as is the right of all members of the community to explore new ideas and learn from one another. To preserve an environment of spirited and open debate, we should all have the opportunity to contribute to intellectual exchanges and participate fully in the life of the University."

The Harris School's commitments to lively, principled, and respectful engagement are available [here](#): "Consistent with the University of Chicago's commitment to open discourse and free expression, Harris encourages members of the leadership, faculty, student body, and administrative staff to respect and engage with others of differing backgrounds or perspectives, even when the ideas or insights shared may be viewed as unpopular or controversial." We foster thought-provoking discourse by encouraging community members not only to speak freely about all issues but also to listen carefully and respectfully to the views of others.

Weekly schedule and readings

This is a reading-intensive course.

- Each class I assign 1–2 required book chapters or papers. Required readings are marked with a * below. You should *read all required readings before coming to class*.
- I also often list highly recommended readings. I may discuss them in class, or they may assist you in your essay. Mostly, however, I recommend them because they are deep and important contributions on the subject.
- We will upload all readings to Canvas. If you have trouble, most readings are downloadable online by logging in through UChicago's [VPN](#).
- Please let me know if any links are broken and I will fix them.

Part I

Diagnosis

1 Introduction

1.1 Sept 27: Preconceptions

Before coming to class, please pick *one* of the case studies below, sit down for 15 minutes, and write down some of the explanations you have heard for (1) what the two sides are competing over, (2) why they fought (if there was violence), and (3) why they avoided violence or settled (especially if the rivals did not go to war).

1. USA/Taliban
2. Israelis/Palestinians
3. India/Pakistan
4. Gun/gang violence in major US cities
5. State/cartel conflicts in Mexico
6. China/Taiwan

1.2 Sept 29: The incentives for peace (and the role of agency problems)

- **Why We Fight*. Introduction and Chapters 1–2.
- Jackson, Matthew O., and Massimo Morelli. "[Political bias and war](#)."

Week 1 Assignment: Sign up to present either on the US–Taliban conflict or on the Israeli–Palestinian conflict by Sunday October 3 Your TA will assign you to a group.

2 Rationalist explanations

2.1 Oct 4: Uncertainty

- *Blattman, Christopher. 2022. “Why We Fight” Chapter 4.
- Fearon, James. 1995. “**Rationalist Explanations for War**,” *International Organization* 49(3): 379-414.

2.2 Oct 6: Commitment problems

- *Blattman, Christopher. 2022. “Why We Fight” Chapter 5.
- Powell, Robert. 2006. “**War as a commitment problem**.” *International organization* 60.1 (2006): 169-203.

Week 2 assignment: Problem set due Friday Oct 8

3 Psychological explanations

3.1 Oct 11: Intangible incentives

- *Blattman, Christopher. 2022. “Why We Fight” Chapter 3.

3.2 Oct 13: Misperceptions

- *Blattman, Christopher. 2022. “Why We Fight” Chapter 6.
- Pearlman, Wendy. “**Emotions and the Microfoundations of the Arab Uprisings**.” *Perspectives on Politics* 11.2 (2013): 387-409.

Week 3 Assignment: Meet with your group and together submit a 1–3 page summary of preliminary insights from your individual readings and group discussion *midnight the evening before your meeting with the professor*

4 Oct 18/20: No class

Instead of class, you will:

- Read independently
- Meet with your group
- As a group, hold a 20-minute meeting with the professor (your TA will circulate a signup sheet)

Week 4 Assignment: Submit recommended case study readings by Wednesday Oct 20
Following your meeting with the professor, each group will send the professor and TA 1–2 readings (each one either an op-ed or article or book chapter) to share with other class participants to read in advance.

I encourage you to find and use readings on your own. Here are some potential social science readings that you should consider. I encourage you to look for op-eds or opinion pieces by politicians and policymakers, contrasting their view with social science narratives. Also, the social science literature does not generally have a lot of Afghan or Palestinian perspectives, and so I encourage you to look for a source to compare and contrast to the approach we've been taking in class.

- US–Taliban conflict:
 - Malkasian, Carter. 2021. *The American War in Afghanistan: A History*. Oxford University Press. [\[Amazon link\]](#)
 - Rashid, Ahmed. 2010. *Taliban: Militant Islam, Oil and Fundamentalism in Central Asia*. Yale University Press. [\[Amazon link\]](#)
 - Tierney, Dominic. 2013. *Fighting While Negotiating in Afghanistan*. *Orbis* 57(1): 171–186.
 - Dobbins, James, and Carter Malkasian. 2015. *Time to Negotiate in Afghanistan*. *Foreign Affairs* 94.
 - Semple, Michael, Theo G. Farrell, Anatol Lieven, and Rudra Chaudhuri. 2012. *Taliban perspectives on reconciliation*.
 - Grossman, Marc. 2014. *Talking to the Taliban 2011–2012*. *Prism* 4(4): 21–37.
 - Sheikh, Mona Kanwal, and Maja Touzari Janesdatter Greenwood. 2013. *Taliban talks: Past present and prospects for the US, Afghanistan and Pakistan*. No. 2013: 06. DIIS Report.
- Israeli–Palestinian conflict:
 - Jha, Saumitra, and Moses Shayo. 2019. *Valuing peace: the effects of financial market exposure on votes and political attitudes*. *Econometrica* 87(5): 1561–1588.

- Frieden, Jeffrey A. *The root causes of enduring conflict: Can Israel and Palestine co-exist?*. From *Israel and Palestine: Alternative Perspectives on Statehood* (2015): 63-75.
- Hassner, Ron E. 2003. *“To halve and to hold”*: Conflicts over sacred space and the problem of indivisibility. *Security Studies* 12(4): 1-33.
- Pearlman, Wendy. 2011. *Violence, nonviolence, and the Palestinian national movement*. Cambridge University Press.
- Pearlman, Wendy. 2009. *Spoiling inside and out: Internal political contestation and the Middle East peace process*. *International Security* 33(3): 79-109.
- Pearlman, Wendy. 2011. *Violence, nonviolence, and the Palestinian national movement*. Cambridge University Press.
- Jaeger, David A., Esteban F. Klor, Sami H. Miaari, and M. Daniele Paserman. *The struggle for Palestinian hearts and minds: Violence and public opinion in the Second Intifada*. *Journal of Public Economics* 96, no. 3-4 (2012): 354-368.
- Ginges, Jeremy, Scott Atran, Douglas Medin, and Khalil Shikaki. 2007. *Sacred bounds on rational resolution of violent political conflict*. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences* 104(18): 7357-7360.

Part II

Case studies

5 Oct 25/27: Groups 1–4 presentations/discussion

- Required and recommended readings to be provided by Groups 1–4

Week 5 Assignment: Present and discuss Groups 1 and 2 will present on Monday, with groups 5 and 6 in attendance, reading and participating. Groups 3 and 4 will present Tuesday, with groups 7 and 8 reading and discussing. Presentations should be about 15 minutes each, leaving the remainder of the class for group discussion. Groups 1–4 will be graded on their presentation and discussion. Groups 5–8 will be graded on their contributions to the discussion.

6 Nov 1/3: Groups 5–8 presentations/discussion II

- Required and recommended readings to be provided by Groups 5–8

Week 6 Assignment: Present and discuss Groups 1 and 2 will present Monday, with groups 5 and 6 in attendance, reading and participating. Groups 3 and 4 will present Tuesday, with groups 7 and 8 reading and discussing. Presentations should be about 15 minutes each, leaving the remainder of the class for group discussion. Groups 1–4 will be graded on their presentation and discussion. Groups 5–8 will be graded on their contributions to the discussion.

Part III

Treatment

7 The Paths To Peace

7.1 Nov 8: Interdependence / Checks and Balances

- *Blattman, Christopher. 2022. “Why We Fight” Chapters 6 and 7.

7.2 Nov 10: Rules and enforcement / Interventions

- *Blattman, Christopher. 2022. “Why We Fight” Chapters 8 and 9.

No assignment week 7

8 Nov 15/17: Global peacemaking

- *United Nations and World Bank Group. 2018. [Pathways for Peace: Inclusive Approaches to Preventing Violent Conflict](#).
- Feel free to read the Main Messages document rather than the full report.
- To facilitate smaller group discussion, even numbered groups will meet on Monday, and odd-numbered groups will meet on Wednesday.

Week 8 Assignment: Discussion memo Critically discuss the week’s reading. Due the evening before your assigned class.

9 Nov 29/Dec 1: Peacemaking in violent cities

- *Abt, Thomas. 2019. [Bleeding Out: The Devastating Consequences of Urban Violence—And a Bold New Plan for Peace in the Streets](#). Basic Books.

- Council on Criminal Justice. 2021. [Meeting Bulletin 3: Understanding Violent Crime](#)
- To facilitate smaller group discussion, even numbered groups will meet on Monday, and odd-numbered groups will meet on Wednesday.

Week 9 Assignment: Discussion memo Critically discuss the week's reading. Due the evening before your assigned class.

Final project due December 10