



## Math Self-Assessment

### Instructions

- You have 1.5 hours to complete the exam. Calculators are not allowed.
- Show your work in the space provided – there is partial credit! In particular, please write out formulas before you use them.
- Your answers should be simplified – e.g. take square roots with integer solutions, reduce fractions, etc. If a root or logarithm has a non-integer value, leave it in the precise form – e.g. do not attempt to write the approximate decimal values for  $\ln 2$  or 3.

### Question 1 (5 points)

Solve for  $x$ . Be sure to check your work:

$$5x^2 + 10x = -5$$

## Question 2 (5 points)

Solve for  $x$ . Be sure to check your work:

$$\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{4x + 8} = x$$

**Question 3 (10 points)**

$$Q = \frac{2}{p_1 p_2} + \frac{4p_1 - 5}{p_1 + p_2}$$

- (a) Find the derivative of Q with respect to  $p_1$
- (b) Find the derivative of Q with respect to  $p_2$



### Question 5 (5 points)

**True or False** (with a brief 1-2 sentence explanation)

The median is more affected by outliers than the mean.

### Question 6 (10 points)

Suppose  $U = x^2y^3$ .

- (a) Solve for the ratio of the first derivatives:

$$\frac{\frac{\partial U}{\partial x}}{\frac{\partial U}{\partial y}}$$

- (b) This ratio is called the “Marginal Rate of Substitution” (MRS). Does it increase or decrease as  $x$  increases?

### Question 7 (10 points)

Suppose  $Q_D = -2p + 100$  represents the demand of a good, where  $p$  is the price of the good. Graph this equation with  **$p$  on the y-axis (vertical)** and  $Q_D$  on the x-axis (horizontal). No need to make the graph extremely pointwise precise, but just make the intercept and slope clearly visible.

If  $Q_S = 2p + 40$  represents the quantity supplied, find the price where  $Q_D = Q_S$  is true. This point of intersection is called the "Equilibrium". What is the equilibrium price **and** quantity?

### Question 8 (10 points)

Suppose you have \$3000 available to spend on Macs and cheese. Macs cost \$500 each, and cheese costs \$100 each (hey, it's high quality!). Write down an expression that represents your total expenditure on Macs and Cheese.

If you spent the entire \$3,000, write down an equation that gives you the amount of cheese you can purchase if you purchase  $x$  units of Macs. Be sure to clearly define the variables you use. (Note: The slope of the equation above is called the "price ratio" and should equal the price of good  $x$  divided by the price of good  $y$ .)



### Question 9 (10 points)

Calculate Mean, Median, and Sample Variance of the following dataset:

$$\{6, 6, 12, 9, 7\}$$

Hint: The formula for Sample Variance is

$$\frac{1}{N-1} \sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \bar{x})^2$$

where  $\bar{x}$  is the sample mean and  $N$  is the sample size

## Question 10 (10 points)

Political scientists often are tasked with describing someone's political ideology using a single number. Suppose professor McMillon at the University of Chicago has developed a scale ranging from  $-5$  to  $5$ , where  $-5$  means extremely progressive and  $5$  means extremely conservative, and  $0$  is an exact moderate. Sarah Palin is considering entering the presidential race.

- (a) We know that Donald Trump's ideology is a  $4.5$ , and that Sarah Palin's ideology,  $S$ , is within 6 units of Trump's. Represent Sarah Palin's ideology using an **absolute value inequality**, and then solve this inequality to get a range for  $S$ .
- (b) We know that Joe Biden's ideology is a  $-2$ , and that Sarah Palin's ideology is within 2 units of Biden's. Represent Sarah Palin's ideology using an **absolute value inequality**, and then solve this inequality to get a range for  $S$ .
- (c) If both (a) and (b) above are true, give an overall range of possible ideologies for Sarah Palin. (Note: If you think no such range exists, explain why).

### Question 11 (10 points)

Suppose  $U = 2xy$ . Subject to the constraint that  $x + 2y = 40$ , solve for the  $x$  and  $y$  values that maximize  $U$ .

### Question 12 (10 points)

The price of Charmin Ultra-soft Toilet Paper is given by the expression  $P = 100 - y$ , where  $y$  is the number of rolls sold. If the cost of producing  $y$  rolls of toilet paper is given by  $C = y^2$ , then what quantity  $y$  and price  $P$  would maximize the profits from selling toilet paper? Hint: The formula for profit is Revenue minus Cost, where Revenue is price ( $P$ ) times quantity sold ( $y$ ).